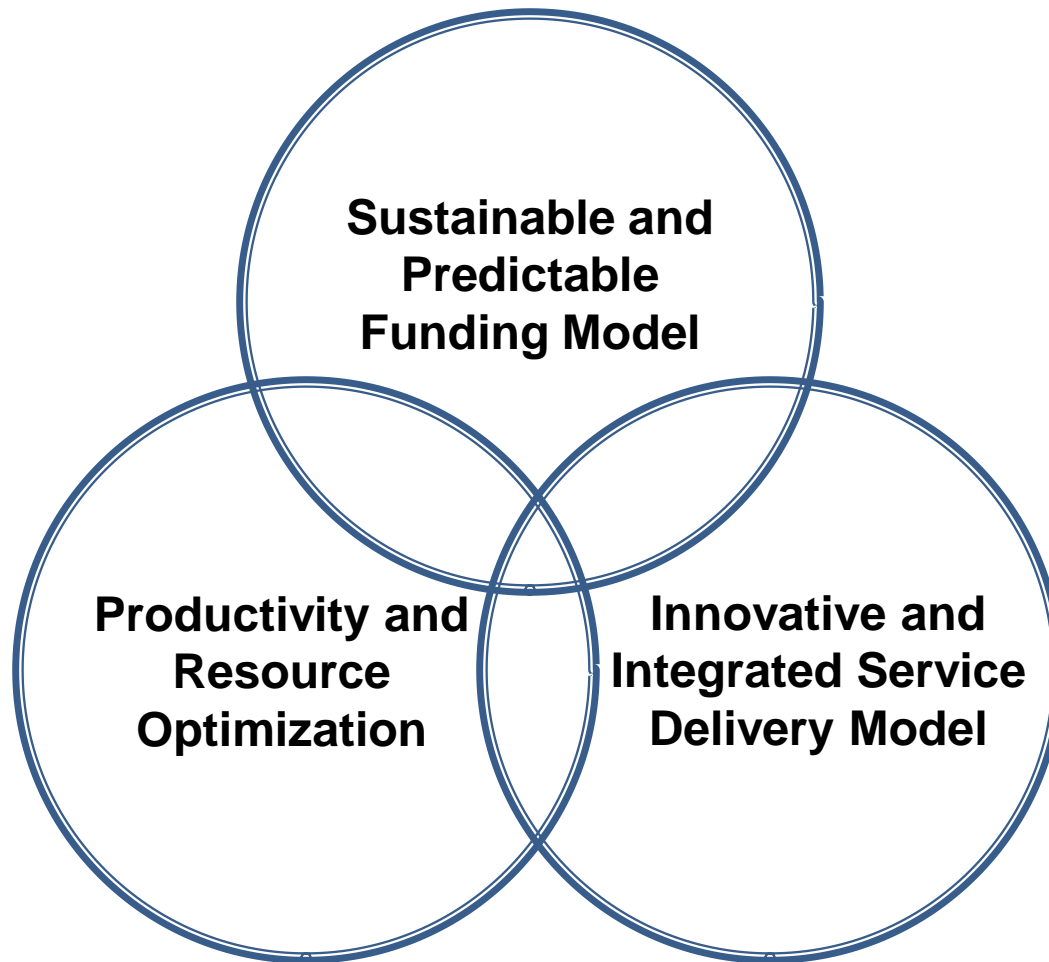


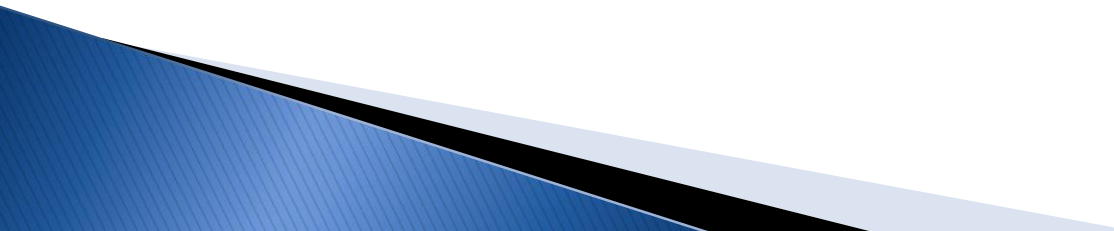
# Innovation and Cost Containment Work Plan Outline

# Committee Goals



# Innovative and Integrated Service Delivery Model

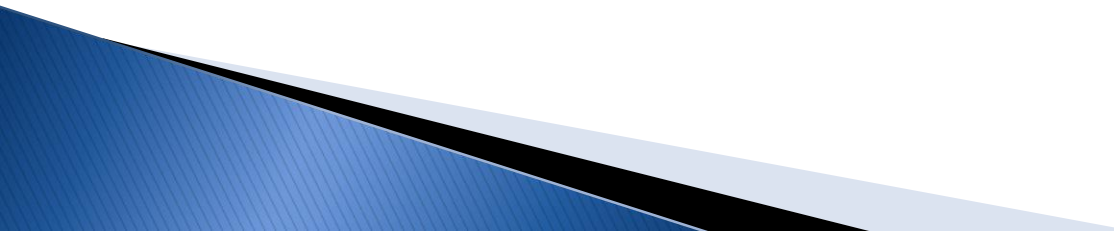
**Objective: Develop an innovative and integrated service delivery model to deliver higher education services at a lower cost, improve the quality and value of the product, and make higher education more affordable for Virginia students and families**



# Innovative and Integrated Service Delivery Model: Issues

- Curricular alignment between PK–12, community colleges, and four-year institutions
  - Dual enrollment programs for college credits
  - Access to college credits through online learning
  - PK–12 student readiness assessments and programs to reduce the need for remedial programs at the college and university level; system-wide approach to developmental education
  - PK–12 STEM preparation and early advising
- Integrated system-wide curriculum model to enhance course access (in classroom and online learning) across the system and reduce system-wide redundancies where there is low enrollment at a single institution
- Strengthen Virginia Transfer Grant Program (incentives for students and institutions)
- Fast track degree programs (incentives)
  - 3 year degrees
  - Combined undergrad/grad degrees

# Innovative and Integrated Service Delivery Model: Issues

- Targeted completion programs for adults who have attended college but have not received a degree or certificate
  - Stronger degree and high value certificate production in the Virginia Community College System, including accelerated certificate programs for returning adults
  - Credits for "experiential learning"
  - Academic "Centers of Excellence" (e.g., Virginia Tech Math Emporium – leverage individual institution strengths across the system to increase access to courses at a much lower cost)
  - Electronic course materials and textbooks
  - Year-round use of facilities and staff (nine month rotation)
  - Collaboration with Virginia's private colleges and universities
  - Private sector role(s) in an integrated service delivery model
- 

# Innovative and Integrated Service Delivery Model: Key Resources and Analysis

- Virginia Tech Math Emporium (NCAT best practices)
- Virginia Transfer Grant Program (with emphasis on STEM programs)
- Early College High School Initiative
- University of Maryland experiential learning initiative
- American Public University experiential learning initiative
- PK-12, community college, four-year institution, private sector integrated models in other states or countries
- Online learning models
  - University of Phoenix
  - Strayer University
  - Apollo
  - Blackboard
  - Cisco

# Innovative and Integrated Service Delivery Model: Key Resources and Analysis

- Textbooks
  - Apple (iPad)
  - Amazon (Kindle)
- Others?

# Productivity and Resource Optimization

**Objective: Improve academic productivity, fully optimize resources, reduce higher education costs, and make higher education more affordable for Virginia students and families**



# Productivity and Resource Optimization: Issues

## Higher Education Restructuring Act of 2005

- Have the provisions in this Act and the implementation thereof achieved tangible progress toward its stated goals?
  - Higher productivity
  - Better academic performance
  - Lower costs
  - Greater access to programs, courses, and degrees
  - Financial aid
  - Others
- Are there specific changes that should be made to this Act?

# Productivity and Resource Optimization: Issues

## Productivity and Performance

- Current productivity and related metrics
  - Comparison to other states/countries/commercial enterprises
  - Suggested changes
- Current productivity related incentives
  - Meaningful enough to change/drive behavior
  - Suggested changes
- Stronger college/university student advisory programs and assistance to lower drop out rates and increase graduation rates
- Workforce feedback on the performance of those students who matriculate through Virginia's education system
- Student unit record tracking system linking PK-12, postsecondary education, and workforce to assess overall student performance for those students who matriculate through Virginia's education system

# Productivity and Resource Optimization: Issues (Resource Optimization)

## Resource Optimization

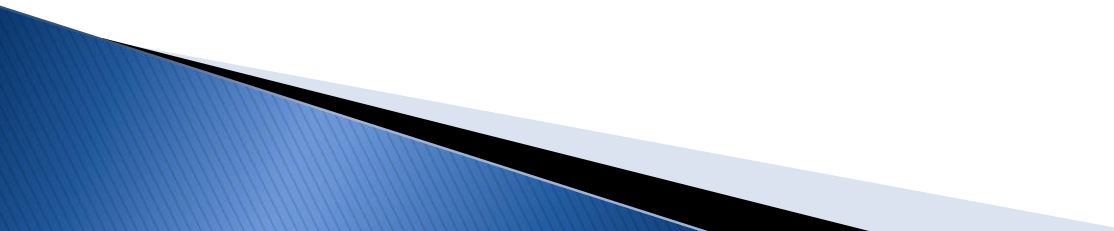
- Current efficiency/resource optimization metrics
  - Comparison to other states/countries/commercial enterprises
  - Suggested changes
  - Incentives
- Areas where the individual institutions should be given greater autonomy in order to operate more efficiently and effectively
- Areas where the individual institutions should collaborate more in order to take advantage of greater economies of scale and better leverage the strengths of the respective institutions
- System-wide shared services model to reduce operating costs and improve efficiency
- Academic “Centers of Excellence” (e.g., Virginia Tech Math Emporium) and expansion to other instructional courses to leverage individual institution strengths across, increase access to courses, and reduce costs

# Productivity and Resource Optimization: Issues (Resource Optimization)

## Resource Optimization

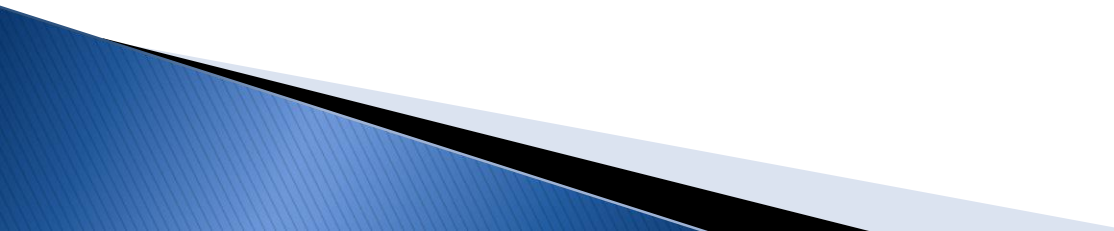
- Factors to be considered in conducting cost-benefit analyses to identify, evaluate, and potentially phase out courses, programs, and degrees
  - Minimum number of students/graduates
  - Availability at other institutions through online learning
  - Ability to attract students from other Virginia (public and private) and non-Virginia institutions through online learning
  - Workforce and marketplace needs
- Year-round use of facilities and staff (nine month rotation)

# Productivity and Resource Optimization: Key Resources


- Analysis of the Higher Education Restructuring Act of 2005
  - Current productivity and resource optimization and performance measures
    - Best practices at Virginia institutions
    - Best practices in other states/countries
    - Commercial best practices
  - Current work being done by Virginia's college and university presidents around productivity measures and resource optimization
  - Virginia Tech Math Emporium
  - Others?
- 

# Sustainable Funding Model

**Objective: Develop a sustainable and predictable funding model to meet the degree attainment goals set forth by Governor McDonnell and make higher education more affordable for Virginia students and families**



# Sustainable Funding Model: Issues

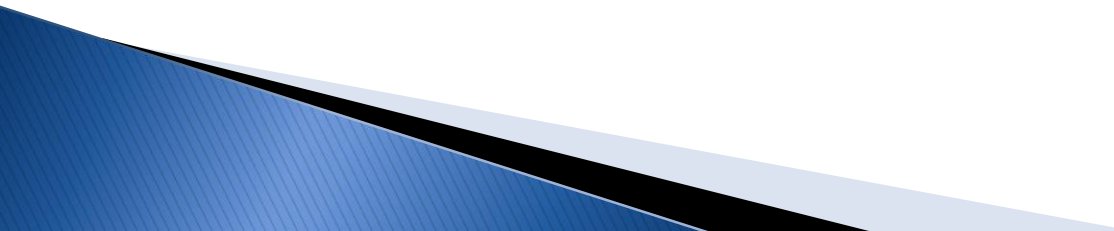
- Codify state funding requirement and corresponding formula/funding model for higher education
    - Dedicate a percentage (floor) of general fund revenue to higher education
    - Dedicate an existing funding source (or partial) to higher education
    - Establish a general fund/tuition revenue target ratio
    - Establish a higher education stabilization/rainy day fund
  - Larger performance-based pool of dollars to reward those institutions that meet certain academic, productivity, cost, and economic development metrics
  - Link state appropriations, tuition, and financial aid
  - Expand financial aid into the middle-income ranks
  - Maximize federal dollars available for higher education
  - Maximize federal and corporate research dollars available for higher education
  - Maximize private sector dollars available for higher education (e.g., IP royalties from the commercialization of research and new discoveries)
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# Sustainable Funding Model:

## Key Resources

- Current Base Budget Adequacy model and funding model proposals offered by members of the General Assembly
- Funding models in other states:
  - Base Plus – prior year's funding is a starting point with COLA and enrollment adjustments; incremental funding decisions
  - Formulas – based on a variety of factors: enrollments, facilities, tuition and fees
  - Performance-based – a proportion (usually 5–20%) of funds linked to desirable outcomes: students graduated, amount of time to graduate, underrepresented students served, etc.
  - Vouchers (Colorado) – state money directed to students, rather than institutions, to be used to pay for in-state higher education
- Funding models in other countries (outside the U.S., higher education is generally funded federally/nationally)
- Analysis of available federal dollars
- Analysis of federal and corporate research funding opportunities
- Analysis of private sector funding opportunities

# Next Steps

- Finalize work plan to include Committee feedback
  - Consider forming smaller work groups to focus on key issues
  - Coordinate activities with Commission Chairman Farrell and the other two Committee Chairs
  - Finalize meeting schedule for the remainder of 2010
  - Plan meeting agenda for the August 23<sup>rd</sup>
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# Schedule of Upcoming Meetings

- August 23
  - Location: Northern Virginia
  - Focus: Innovative and Integrated Service Delivery Model
- September 17
  - Location: Richmond
  - Focus: Sustainable and Predictable Funding Model (?)
- October 12
  - Location: Richmond
  - Focus: Full Commission Meeting
- Late October/Early November (actual date TBD)
  - Location: TBD
  - Focus: Finalize Committee Recommendations for Commission Interim Report
- November 30 – Commission Interim Report Due
- December (actual date TBD)
  - Location: TBD
  - Focus: Full Commission Meeting